CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

- 1. A flexible heating cover assembly comprising:
 - a housing including a plurality of engageable enclosure components;
- a resistive heater located within the housing, the resistive heater including a plurality of heater element areas; and
 - a force distribution system that engages the resistive heater and distributes a force over the resistive heater;
- wherein the flexible heating cover assembly provides substantial temperature uniformity among a plurality of sample tubes.
 - 2. The flexible heating cover assembly of claim 1 further comprising a heater backing plate engaging the resistive heater.
 - 3. The flexible heating cover assembly of claim 1 further comprising a support plate providing stiffness for the force distribution system.
- The flexible heating cover assembly of claim 1 wherein the arrangement of the resistive heater and the force distribution system provide substantial temperature uniformity among the plurality of sample tubes for receiving samples of biological material.
- 5. The flexible heating cover assembly of claim 1 wherein the resistive heater is thin to allow rapid heating and cooling during thermal cycling of the plurality of sample tubes.
 - 6. The flexible heating cover assembly of claim 1 further comprising a thermistor located on the resistive heater to provide control of the vapor and the condensation environment of the plurality of sample tubes.

7. A flexible heating cover assembly for an apparatus for thermal cycling of samples of biological material comprising:

a housing including a plurality of assembly skirt components;

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a resistive heater located within the housing, the resistive heater including at least one outer heater element area and at least one central heater element area;

a heater backing plate connected to the resistive heater to protect the resistive heater;

a load sharing system engaging the heater backing plate to promote uniform contact of the resistive heater with a plurality of sample tubes; and

a support plate aligning the assembly skirt components,

wherein the flexible heating cover assembly provides non-uniform heat distribution among the samples of biological material.

- 8. The flexible heating cover assembly of claim 7 wherein the arrangement of the resistive heater, the heater backing plate, the load sharing system and the support plate provide non-uniform heat distribution among the samples of biological material.
- 9. The flexible heating cover assembly of claim 7 wherein the load sharing system further comprises at least one spring strip and a spring retainer plate to distribute a force over the heater backing plate.
- The flexible heating cover assembly of claim 7 wherein the support plate provides a reaction force for the load sharing system with minimal deflection of the support plate.
 - 11. The flexible heating cover assembly of claim 7 wherein the heater backing plate is thin and composed of a thermally conductive material.
 - 12. The flexible heating cover assembly of claim 9 wherein the resistive heater, the heater backing plate, the load sharing system and the support plate each comprise a plurality of aligned sample well openings.

13. A method for providing substantial temperature uniformity among a plurality of sample tubes comprising:

providing a flexible heating cover assembly having a housing including a plurality of engageable enclosure components;

engaging the flexible heating cover assembly to the plurality of sample tubes;

heating the plurality of sample tubes with a resistive heater located within the housing, the resistive heater including a plurality of heater element areas;

monitoring the temperature of the resistive heater using a temperature-sensing device; and

controlling the temperature of the resistive heater to provide substantial temperature uniformity among the plurality of sample tubes.

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- 14. The method of claim 13 further comprising reading the temperature from the temperature-sensing device located on the resistive heater.
- 15. The method of claim 13 further comprising controlling the resistive heater at a variety of temperatures.
 - 16. The method of claim 13 further comprising optimizing a heat balance between the flexible heating cover assembly and the plurality of sample tubes.
 - 17. The method of claim 13 further comprising rapidly heating and cooling the resistive heater during thermal cycling of the plurality of sample tubes.
- 20 18. The method of claim 13 further comprising collecting optical data from the plurality of sample tubes.
 - 19. A method for heating samples of biological material with substantial temperature uniformity comprising:

providing a plurality of sample tubes for receiving samples of biological material in a plurality of sample wells of a thermal system base;

engaging a flexible heating cover assembly to the plurality of sample tubes, the flexible heating cover assembly having a housing including a plurality of engageable enclosure components;

generating heat in a resistive heater located within the housing, the resistive heater including a plurality of heater element areas; and

heating the plurality of sample tubes containing samples of biological material with substantial temperature uniformity.

10 20. The method of claim 19 further comprising applying a force onto the plurality of sample tubes through the flexible heating cover assembly.

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- 21. The method of claim 19 further comprising measuring the voltage and current of a thermistor located on the resistive heater.
- The method of claim 19 further comprising controlling a heater power source to heat the resistive heater.
 - 23. The method of claim 19 further comprising controlling the resistive heater at a variety of temperatures.
 - 24. The method of claim 19 further comprising supplying electrical power to the plurality of heater element areas to heat the resistive heater.
- 20 25. The method of claim 19 further comprising optimizing a heat balance between the flexible heating cover assembly and the thermal system base.
 - 26. The method of claim 19 further comprising maintaining a favorable ambient environment around the plurality of sample tubes.
 - 27. The method of claim 19 further comprising maintaining the temperature of the sample tubes above the dew point temperature of the plurality of sample tubes.